

### TSB62 SERIES

# Upgrade your application with the best-in-class 36 V op amps



## Meeting the demand for low power and robustness in renewable energy solutions

ST's flexible TSB62 high-voltage op amps feature a rail-to-rail output that maximizes dynamic range while the input offset voltage of 1 mV ensures higher precision for low-power devices. A high tolerance to ESD combined with a strong EMI performance makes this series the ideal choice for residential solar inverters in low-side current sensing, voltagesensing, maximum power point tracking, grid-synchronization and reactive load compensation. Available in single, dual, and quad versions, the TSB62 series offers excellent speed and power consumption.

#### **KEY FEATURES AND BENEFITS**

#### **OPERATES RISK-FREE**

- Supply voltage span from 2.7 to 36 V
- High ESD tolerance 4 kV HBM
- EMI hardened

#### **DRIVES ADCs**

- Rail-to-rail output
- 45° phase margin for 100 pF load
- 1.7 MHz GBW / 295 µA typ.

#### **INCREASES RELIABILITY**

- Extended temperature range -40°C to +125°C
- AEC-Q100 qualified

#### **KEY APPLICATIONS**

- Solar inverters
- Uninterruptible power supply
- DC/DC converters
- Industrial I/O modules
- Server power
- Sensor conditioning
- Automotive

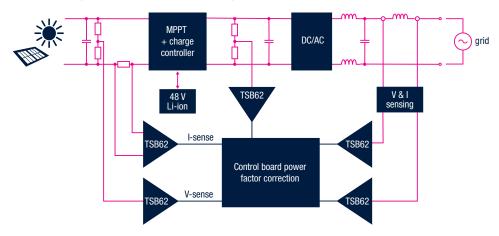
#### **Use cases of the TSB62 series in residential solar energy systems**

**Grid-connected photovoltaic systems** need to meet multiple requirements to minimize distortion, maximize efficiency, and detect faults to guarantee smooth operation with the power grid. ST's operational amplifiers help to pre-condition signals and make them accessible to ADCs and digital signal treatment.

The first example in the block diagram below is low-side current sensing, to measure currents from the PV array, typically in the range from 0.1 to 100 A. Placing a shunt resistor on low-side, rather than high-side, imposes fewer constraints, since the DC voltage is close to ground while PV arrays typically provide between 100 and 1500 V. The rail-to-rail output of the TS62 series is ideally suited to interface with analog-to-digital converters. Another application for the TSB62 series in solar inverters is high-DC voltage sensing, for example via a parallel-mixed resistor-capacitor voltage divider. Bipolar transistors in the input stage of the TSB62 series operational amplifiers only add negligible parasitic capacitance to the voltage divider.

On a higher level, algorithms for maximum power point tracking (MPPT) and power factor correction (PFC) push the solar converters to maximum efficiency. Currents and voltages can be monitored using the above-mentioned approaches. The TSB62 series of operational amplifiers has been designed for improved EMI performance and can facilitate the board qualification process.

#### Residential solar energy system block diagram



#### **TSB62** series portfolio

Order code	Automotive grade	Package	Footprint surface mm²	Supply voltage (V)	Supply current per channel (µA) typ.	GBP (MHz) typ.	SR (V/µs) typ.	Output current (mA) typ.
Single								
TSB621ILT		S0T23-5	8.5	2.7 to 36	310	1.7	0.6	45
TSB621IYLT	•							
Dual								
TSB622IDT		S08	33	2.7 to 36	310	1.7	0.6	45
TSB622IYDT	•							
TSB622IST		MiniS08	16					
TSB622IYST	•							
TSB622IQ3T		QFN8 WF	12					
TSB622IYQ3T	•							
Quad								
TSB624IDT		S014	58	2.7 to 36	310	1.7	0.6	45
TSB624IYDT	•							
TSB624IPT		TSS0P14	35					
TSB624IYPT	•							





